

PHYSICS 2P51 Formulae

### Constants

$$\begin{aligned}
 c &= 2.998 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s} & e &= 1.602 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C} & h &= 6.64 \times 10^{-34} \text{ Js} \\
 \epsilon_o &= 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ F/m} & \sigma &= 5.67 \times 10^{-8} \text{ W/(m}^2\text{K}^4) & k &= 1.38 \times 10^{-23} \text{ J/K} \\
 1 \text{ eV} &= 1.602 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J} & hc &= 1239 \text{ eV-nm} & \mu_o &= 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ Tm/A}
 \end{aligned}$$

### Wave-Particle Duality

$$\begin{aligned}
 I &= Nhf & E &= hf & E &= hc/\lambda \\
 p &= h/\lambda & hf &= K_{max} + W = eV_s + W & I &= 1/2(c\epsilon_o E^2)
 \end{aligned}$$

### Sources and Detectors

$$\begin{aligned}
 M(\lambda) &= \frac{2\pi hc^2}{\lambda^5} \frac{1}{e^{hc/\lambda kT} + 1} \\
 \lambda_{max} T &= 2.998 \times 10^6 \text{ nm-K} \\
 \int_0^\infty M(\lambda) d\lambda &= \sigma T^4 \\
 E &= \frac{-13.6}{n^2} \text{ eV} \\
 \frac{N_1}{N_2} &= e^{-\Delta E/kT} \\
 V_o &= V \frac{R_o}{R_1 + R_o} \\
 R &= \rho L/A \\
 \rho &= m^*/ne^2\tau
 \end{aligned}$$

### Wave Properties

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} &= \frac{1}{v^2} \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t^2} \\
 f(x, t) &= f(x \pm vt)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 E &= E_o \sin(kz - \omega t) \\
 E(z = 0) &= E_o \sin(\omega t) = \text{Im}(E_o e^{i\omega t}) \\
 E &= cB
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\omega = 2\pi f \quad k = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} \quad I = \frac{1}{2} c\epsilon_o E^2$$

$$d \sin \theta = n\lambda \quad I = I_1 + I_2 + 2\sqrt{I_1 I_2} \cos(\delta) \quad \delta = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} \cdot \Delta L$$

$$v = \frac{c}{n} \quad \delta = 2nt \quad R = \frac{(n_2 - n_1)^2}{(n_2 + n_1)^2}$$

$$C = V = \frac{I_{max} - I_{min}}{I_{max} + I_{min}} \quad \Delta S = N\lambda = c\Delta t \quad S \sin(w) \ll \frac{1}{2}\lambda$$

$$I = I_o \left(\frac{\sin \alpha}{\alpha}\right)^2 \cos^2(\beta) \text{ where } \alpha = \pi \frac{a \sin \theta}{\lambda} \text{ and } \beta = \pi \frac{d \sin \theta}{\lambda}$$

$$a \sin \theta = m\lambda \quad \theta_{min} \approx 1.22 \frac{\lambda}{D}$$

$$I = I_o \frac{\sin^2(N \frac{\pi}{\lambda} d \sin \theta)}{\sin^2(\frac{\pi}{\lambda} d \sin \theta)} \quad d \sin \theta = m\lambda \quad \frac{\lambda}{\Delta \lambda} = Nm$$

$$I = I_o \cos^2(\theta) \quad \tan \theta_B = \frac{n_2}{n_1} \quad \Delta \phi = 2\pi \frac{(n_\perp - n_\parallel)L}{\lambda}$$

## Geometrical Optics

$$\sin u = u - \frac{u^3}{3!} + \frac{u^5}{5!} - \dots$$

$$u \approx \sin u \approx \tan u \quad \text{for } u \ll 1$$

$$n \sin I = n' \sin I'$$

$$\frac{n_{prism}}{n_o} = \frac{\sin \frac{1}{2}(A+D)}{\sin \frac{1}{2}A}$$

$$P = \frac{n'-n}{R} \quad P = (n-1)\left(\frac{1}{R_1} - \frac{1}{R_2}\right) = 1/f$$

$$\frac{1}{s} + \frac{1}{f} = \frac{1}{s'} \quad M_T = s'/s \quad M_x = |s'_1 - s'_2|/|s_1 - s_2| \quad M_x = M_T^2$$

$$P_{eq} = P_1 + P_2 - P_1 P_2 d/n$$

$$f = -R/2$$

$$V = n/R \quad V_2 = \frac{V_1}{1-V_1(d/n)} \quad P_{BV} = \frac{P_1}{1-P_1(d/n)} + P_2$$

$$R = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & P \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad T = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -d/n & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad F = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2n/R \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{pmatrix} nu \\ h \end{pmatrix}$$

$$S = \begin{pmatrix} b & a \\ d & c \end{pmatrix}, \quad n_1: \text{ medium before S}, \quad n_3: \text{ medium after S.}$$

$$P_{eq} = a \quad f_1 = -\frac{n_1}{a} \quad f_2 = \frac{n_3}{a} \quad f_{FV} = -\frac{bn_1}{a} \quad f_{BV} = \frac{cn_3}{a}$$

$$V = \frac{n_e - 1}{n_{F'} - n_{C'}}$$

$$d = \frac{1}{2}(f_1 + f_2) \quad \text{or } P_A = P_{eq} \left( \frac{V_A}{V_A - V_B} \right) \quad \text{and } P_B = -P_{eq} \left( \frac{V_B}{V_A - V_B} \right)$$